## § 199.200

Commandant for the particular brand, and in accordance with servicing procedures meeting the requirements of part 160, subpart 160.151, of this chapter—

- (i) No later than the month and year on its servicing sticker affixed under 46 CFR 160.151-57(n), except that servicing may be delayed until the next scheduled inspection of the vessel, provided that the delay does not exceed 5 months; and
- (ii) Whenever the container is damaged or the container straps or seals are broken.
- (4) Each inflated rescue boat must be repaired and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. All repairs to inflated chambers must be made at a servicing facility approved by the Commandant, except for emergency repairs carried out on board the vessel.
- (h) Periodic servicing of hydrostatic release units. Each hydrostatic release unit, other than a disposable hydrostatic release unit, must be serviced in accordance with repair and testing procedures meeting the requirements of part 160, subpart 160.062 of this chapter—
- (1) Within 12 months of its manufacture; and
- (2) Within 12 months of each subsequent servicing, except when servicing is delayed until the next scheduled inspection of the vessel, provided the delay does not exceed 5 months.
- (i) Periodic servicing of launching appliances and release gear. (1) Launching appliances must be serviced at the intervals recommended in the manufacturer's instructions or as set out in the shipboard planned maintenance program.
- (2) Launching appliances must be thoroughly examined at intervals not exceeding 5 years and, upon completion of the examination, the launching appliance must be subjected to a dynamic test of the winch brake.
- (3) Lifeboat and rescue boat release gear must be serviced at the intervals recommended in the manufacturer's instructions, or as set out in the shipboard-planned-maintenance program.
- (4) Lifeboat and rescue boat release gear must be subjected to a thorough examination by properly trained per-

sonnel familiar with the system at each inspection for certification.

- (5) Lifeboat and rescue boat release gear must be operationally tested under a load of 1.1 times the total mass of the lifeboat when loaded with its full complement of persons and equipment whenever overhauled or at least once every 5 years.
- (j) *Maintenance of falls.* (1) Each fall used in a launching appliance must—
- (i) Be turned end-for-end at intervals of not more than 30 months; and
- (ii) Be renewed when necessary due to deterioration or at intervals of not more than 5 years, whichever is earlier.
- (2) As an alternative to paragraph (j)(1) of this section, each fall may—
- (i) Be inspected annually; and
- (ii) Be renewed whenever necessary due to deterioration or at intervals of not more than 4 years, whichever is earlier.
- (k) Rotational deployment of marine evacuation systems. In addition, to or in conjunction with, the servicing intervals of marine evacuation systems required by paragraph (g)(1) of this section, each marine evacuation system must be deployed from the vessel on a rotational basis. Each marine evacuation system must be deployed at least once every 6 years.

[CGD 84-069, 61 FR 25313, May 20, 1996; 61 FR 40281, Aug. 1, 1996, as amended by CGD 85-205, 62 FR 25557, May 9, 1997; CGD 84-069, 63 FR 52819, Oct. 1, 1998; USCG-2001-11118, 67 FR 58542, Sept. 17, 2002]

## Subpart C—Additional Requirements for Passenger Vessels

## $\S\,199.200$ General.

Passenger vessels and special purpose vessels described in §199.10(e), must meet the requirements in this subpart in addition to the requirements in subparts A and B of this part.

[CGD 84-069, 61 FR 25313, May 20, 1996, as amended by USCG-1999-6216, 64 FR 53229, Oct. 1, 1999]

## §199.201 Survival craft.

- (a) Each survival craft must be approved and equipped as follows:
- (1) Each lifeboat must be approved under approval series 160.135 and equipped as specified in table 199.175 of this part.